For a long time, common wisdom held that a passive strategy — protecting the network perimeter and workstations — sufficed. But with enterprises increasingly falling victim to advanced and targeted attacks, it’s now clear that protection requires new methods, based on Threat Intelligence.

Generating this intelligence requires constant dedication and high levels of expertise. With petabytes of rich threat data to mine and a unique pool of world experts to draw upon, Kaspersky works to help organizations maintain immunity against cyber-attacks.

Immediate Access to the Ultimate Threat Intelligence Resource

Subscribers to Kaspersky’s Threat Intelligence Portal enjoy a single point of entry to: Kaspersky Threat Data Feeds, CyberTrace, APT Intelligence Reporting, Financial Threat Intelligence Reporting, Kaspersky Threat Lookup and Kaspersky Cloud Sandbox, all available in human and machine-readable formats. As a subscriber, you gain instant access to both immediate and historic threat intelligence, helping you to combat cyber-attacks as they arise.
Kaspersky’s multi-layered, next generation protection utilizes machine learning methods extensively on all stages of the detection pipeline – from scalable clustering methods used for preprocessing incoming file streams in infrastructure to robust and compact deep neural network models for behavioral detection that will work directly on users’ machines. Kaspersky Threat Intelligence Portal transforms BigData gathered and processed by Kaspersky into actionable intelligence for your business.

A comprehensive threat intelligence workflow

The Kaspersky Threat Intelligence Portal enables SOC and IR teams to build a comprehensive threat intelligence workflow, by providing instruments and tools to automate and extend analytical capabilities for threat detection:

- Kaspersky machine-readable threat intelligence allows integration with existing security controls including leading SIEM systems, firewalls, IDS etc., enabling faster detection times.
- Every detected threat can then be investigated in Kaspersky Threat Lookup and Cloud Sandbox. Historical data helps to interlink the information on various files, IPs, URLs, domains, hashes and threat names, revealing detailed intelligence data including whois, pDNS, GeoIP, file attributes, statistical and behavioral data, download chains, timestamps and much more.
- Our reporting capabilities can then be used to enrich existing technical data with descriptions of the associated threat actor TTPs, together with information on customer-specific vulnerabilities that can be exploited to compromise the network.

Threat Data Feeds & CyberTrace

- Broad coverage
- Rich context
- Rapid matching
- Situational awareness

Threat Lookup & Cloud Sandbox

- Investigation
- Links and analysis
- Browser plugin
- WHOIS tracking

Threat Intelligence Reporting

- Exclusive insights
- TTPs
- IoCs and Yara rules
- ATT&CK mapping

Web access or RESTful API

Interactive map of top trending threats worldwide

Tactical Intelligence. Threat indicators including IP addresses, domains, and hashes showing what organizations need to focus on when responding to incidents. Provided in machine-readable formats, it allows automated detection by your security controls.

Operational Intelligence. Specialized and technically focused intelligence to guide and support the response to specific incidents by giving an indication to the nature of the attack allowing faster mitigation: for example, by removing attack paths or hardening services.

Strategic Intelligence. A comprehensive picture of the intent and capabilities of malicious actors, including the tools, and TTPs used, with the identification of trends, patterns, emerging threats and risks, in order to inform your security policies and overall information security strategy.

Let’s see how this works in practice.

Imagine a SOC team in a typical e-commerce corporation who are becoming concerned about occasional anomalies in network traffic between corporate workstations. The corporate network has in fact already become compromised as the first stage of an APT, but the SOC team is unable to see the full picture, so can’t respond appropriately to the coming attack until problems have escalated. Customers start to complain about thefts from their credit cards and web money accounts. Clearly this organization is experiencing a serious information security breach, which is already beginning to cause reputational damage and revenue losses. So how could the Kaspersky Threat Intelligence Portal help the SOC team identify the causes of this outbreak, and how can they prevent further costly consequences?
Let’s assume that the attackers have used the common social engineering tactic of sending to company employees spear phishing emails containing weaponized files as attachments. One of those employees being fooled by the tailored messaging opened an attachment. This has allowed the attackers to spread malware across different hosts throughout the corporate network, infecting every web server on which the e-commerce application is installed. The compromised e-commerce application has then started to transfer cardholder data on to C2 servers for drop-off each time a customer makes a payment.

Using the portal, the SOC team can successfully identify and completely eliminate the threat, early enough to prevent catastrophic damage.

How are they able to do this? Here are some examples of steps they could take:

- Using their SIEM in conjunction with the Kaspersky C&C URL feed, the SOC team are able to uncover and pinpoint periodic outbound traffic with hosts pointing to C2 servers.
- Kaspersky Threat Lookup is able to show that the detected URLs are APT-related.
- Using WHOIS Tracking and Hunting functionality, all domains registered by the specific APT actor, including those newly registered, can be revealed and added to the corporate blacklist.
- APT Intelligence Reporting gives the SOC team and CISO an understanding of the TTPs used by the related APT actor, together with Indicators of Compromise (IOC) and Yara rules.
- Using IOCs and Yara rules, the SOC team can identify all the infected hosts and take the necessary actions to disinfect them.
- Finally, the SOC team issues a business-wide warning to employees explaining how to recognize and report phishing emails. IT security awareness is assessed throughout the organization, and training initiated for all employees.

We at Kaspersky are focused on providing you with more and more unique insights into the most notorious threats through further developing our Threat Intelligence offerings. Backed by this commitment the Kaspersky Threat Intelligence Portal allows your SOC or IR Team to detect threats early, conduct quick and efficient investigations and build comprehensive security strategies to mitigate the risk that cyberattacks pose to your organization.

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1 Kaspersky Threat Intelligence is applicable to a wide range of industries. The described scenario is an example only, and does not imply that application is limited to the e-commerce industry.
We are proven. We are independent. We are transparent. We are committed to building a safer world, where technology improves our lives. Which is why we secure it, so everyone everywhere has the endless opportunities it brings. Bring on cybersecurity for a safer tomorrow.

Known more at kaspersky.com/transparency